IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

GEORGE MOORE, individually and on behalf
of a class of all persons and entities similarly
situated,

Plaintiff

Case No.

VS.

BEST STORM LEADS CORP.

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Preliminary Statement

- 1. "Telemarketing calls are intrusive. A great many people object to these calls, which interfere with their lives, tie up their phone lines, and cause confusion and disruption on phone records. Faced with growing public criticism of abusive telephone marketing practices, Congress enacted the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991. Pub. L. No. 102-243, 105 Stat. 2394 (1991) (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 227). As Congress explained, the law was a response to Americans 'outraged over the proliferation of intrusive, nuisance calls to their homes from telemarketers' *id.* § 2(6), and sought to strike a balance between '[i]ndividuals' privacy rights, public safety interests, and commercial freedoms' *id.* § 2(9).
- 2. "The law opted for a consumer-driven process that would allow objecting individuals to prevent unwanted calls to their homes. The result of the telemarketing regulations was the national Do-Not-Call registry. *See* 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2). Within the federal government's web of indecipherable acronyms and byzantine programs, the Do-Not-Call registry

stands out as a model of clarity. It means what it says. If a person wishes to no longer receive telephone solicitations, he can add his number to the list. The TCPA then restricts the telephone solicitations that can be made to that number. See id.; 16 C.F.R. § 310.4(b)(iii)(B) ('It is an abusive telemarketing act or practice and a violation of this Rule for a telemarketer to . . . initiat[e] any outbound telephone call to a person when . . . [t]hat person's telephone number is on the "do-not-call" registry, maintained by the Commission.'). Private suits can seek either monetary or injunctive relief. Id. This private cause of action is a straightforward provision designed to achieve a straightforward result. Congress enacted the law to protect against invasions of privacy that were harming people. The law empowers each person to protect his own personal rights. Violations of the law are clear, as is the remedy. Put simply, the TCPA affords relief to those persons who, despite efforts to avoid it, have suffered an intrusion upon their domestic peace." Krakauer v. Dish Network, L.L.C., 925 F.3d 643, 649-50 (4th Cir. 2019).

- 3. Plaintiff George Moore ("Plaintiff") brings this action under the TCPA alleging that Best Storm Leads Corp. ("Best Storm Leads") utilized its call center to send telemarketing calls promoting goods and services, including to numbers that were on the National Do Not Call Registry, such as the Plaintiff. Those calls were made without the call recipient's prior express written consent.
- 4. Because the calls were transmitted using technology capable of generating thousands of similar calls per day, Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a proposed nationwide class of other persons who were sent the same illegal telemarketing calls.
- 5. A class action is the best means of obtaining redress for the Defendant's illegal telemarketing and is consistent both with the private right of action afforded by the TCPA and the fairness and efficiency goals of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Parties

- 6. Plaintiff George Moore is a resident of Cook County in this District.
- 7. Defendant Best Storm Leads Corp. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota.

Jurisdiction & Venue

- 8. The Court has subject-matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because the Plaintiff's claims arise under federal law.
- Best Storm Leads is subject to jurisdiction as its call center made calls into this
 District.
- 10. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this District, as the calls to the Plaintiff were sent into this District.

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act

11. In 1991, Congress enacted the TCPA to regulate the explosive growth of the telemarketing industry. In so doing, Congress recognized that "[u]nrestricted telemarketing . . . can be an intrusive invasion of privacy [.]" Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, Pub. L. No. 102-243, § 2(5) (1991) (codified at 47 U.S.C. § 227).

The National Do Not Call Registry

12. The National Do Not Call Registry allows consumers to register their telephone numbers and thereby indicate their desire not to receive telephone solicitations at those numbers. *See* 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2).

- 13. A listing on the Registry "must be honored indefinitely, or until the registration is cancelled by the consumer or the telephone number is removed by the database administrator."

 Id.
- 14. The TCPA and implementing regulations prohibit the initiation of telephone solicitations to residential telephone subscribers on the Registry and provides a private right of action against any entity that makes those calls, or "on whose behalf" such calls are made. 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2).

Factual Allegations

- 15. Best Storm Leads is in the business of generating and selling leads for weather-related roof damage repair.
- 16. One of Best Storm Leads' key strategies for generating leads for its clients is placing telemarketing calls.
- 17. Best Storm Leads owns and operates call centers that place such telemarketing calls, including to individuals who have not consented to receive such solicitations, such as Plaintiff.
- 18. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153(39).
- 19. Plaintiff's telephone number, (630) XXX-3200, is a non-commercial telephone number not associated with any business.
 - 20. Plaintiff's telephone number is used for personal residential purposes.
- 21. Plaintiff's telephone number has been listed on the National Do Not Call Registry for years prior to the calls at issue.

- 22. Plaintiff has never been Best Storm Leads customer and never consented to receive calls from Best Storm Leads.
- 23. Despite that, the Plaintiff received multiple telemarketing calls from the Defendant's call center, including on July 14, 17, 19 and August 11, 2023.
 - 24. The Plaintiff answered all of the calls.
 - 25. All of the calls delivered a scripted telemarketing pitch.
- 26. The scripted telemarketing pitch was non-personalized and asked if the Plaintiff was interested in a roof inspection to check for weather damage.
 - 27. The Plaintiff was not interested and terminated the first two calls.
- 28. On the third call, the Plaintiff continued to listen to the telemarketing sales pitch and spoke with a "Murphy" who identified himself as calling for a client of Best Storm Leads.
- 29. The Plaintiff had not been shopping for a roofing inspection or provided his consent to receive any such calls.
- 30. Plaintiff and the other call recipients were harmed by these calls. They were temporarily deprived of legitimate use of their phones because the phone line was tied up, and their privacy was improperly invaded.
- 31. Moreover, these calls injured Plaintiff because they were frustrating, obnoxious, annoying, were a nuisance and disturbed the solitude of Plaintiff and the class.

Class Action Statement

- 32. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all other paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully stated herein.
- 33. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and the following class (the "Class") pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(2) and/or (b)(3).

34. Plaintiff proposes the following Class definition, subject to amendment as appropriate:

National Do Not Call Registry Class: All persons within the United States: (1) whose residential telephone numbers were on the National Do Not Call Registry for at least 31 days; (2) but who received more than one telephone solicitation call from Defendant or a third party acting on Defendant's behalf; (3) within a 12-month period; (4) within the four years prior to the filing of the Complaint.

- 35. Plaintiff is a member of and will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class as he has no interests that conflict with any of the Class members.
- 36. Excluded from the Class are counsel, Defendant, and any entities in which Defendant have a controlling interest, the Defendant's agents and employees, any judge to whom this action is assigned, and any member of such judge's staff and immediate family.
- 37. Plaintiff and all members of the Class have been harmed by the acts of Defendant, including, but not limited to, the invasion of their privacy, annoyance, waste of time, the use of their telephone power and network bandwidth, and the intrusion on their telephone that occupied it from receiving legitimate communications.
 - 38. This Class Action Complaint seeks injunctive relief and money damages.
- 39. Members of the Class as defined above, are identifiable through Defendant's dialer records, other phone records, and phone number databases.
- 40. Plaintiff does not know the exact number of members in the Class, but Plaintiff reasonably believes Class members number, at minimum, in the hundreds.
- 41. The joinder of all Class members is impracticable due to the size and relatively modest value of each individual claim.

- 42. Additionally, the disposition of the claims in a class action will provide substantial benefit to the parties and the Court in avoiding a multiplicity of identical suits.
- 43. There are well defined, nearly identical, questions of law and fact affecting all parties. The questions of law and fact, referred to above, involving the class claims predominate over questions that may affect individual Class members.
- 44. There are numerous questions of law and fact common to Plaintiff and to the proposed Class, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether Defendant made multiple calls to Plaintiff and members of the
 National Do Not Call Registry Class;
 - b. Whether Defendant's conduct constitutes a violation of the TCPA; and
 - c. Whether members of the Class are entitled to treble damages based on the willfulness of Defendant's conduct.
- 45. Plaintiff has retained counsel with substantial experience in prosecuting complex litigation and class actions, and especially TCPA class actions. Plaintiff and his counsel are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the other members of the Class, and have the financial resources to do so.
- 46. Common questions of law and fact predominate over questions affecting only individual Class members, and a class action is the superior method for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The only individual question concerns identification of Class members, which will be ascertainable from records maintained by Defendant and/or its agents.
- 47. The likelihood that individual members of the Class will prosecute separate actions is remote due to the time and expense necessary to prosecute an individual case.

48. Plaintiff is not aware of any litigation concerning this controversy already commenced by others who meet the criteria for class membership described above.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5) & 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c) on behalf of Plaintiff and the National Do Not Call Registry Class)

- 49. Plaintiff incorporates the allegations from all previous paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 50. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf constitute numerous and multiple violations of the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227. by making telemarketing calls, except for emergency purposes, to Plaintiff and members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class despite their numbers being on the National Do Not Call Registry.
 - 51. Defendant's violations were negligent, willful, or knowing.
- 52. As a result of Defendant's and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf, violations of the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227, Plaintiff and members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class are entitled to an award of up to \$500 in damages for each and every call made and up to \$1,500 in damages if the calls are found to be willful.
- 53. Plaintiff and the members of the National Do Not Call Registry Class are also entitled to and do seek injunctive relief prohibiting Defendant and/or its affiliates, agents, and/or other persons or entities acting on Defendant's behalf from making telemarketing calls to

telephone numbers registered on the National Do Not Call Registry, except for emergency purposes, in the future.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, prays for the following relief:

- A. Injunctive relief prohibiting Defendant from calling telephone numbers advertising its goods or services, except for emergency purposes, to any residential number on the National Do Not Call Registry in the future;
- B. That the Court enter a judgment awarding Plaintiff and all Class members statutory damages of \$500 for each violation of the TCPA and \$1,500 for each knowing or willful violation; and
- C. An order certifying this action to be a proper class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, establishing a Class the Court deems appropriate, finding that Plaintiff is a proper representative of the Class, and appointing the lawyers and law firms representing Plaintiff as counsel for the Class;
 - D. Such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff requests a jury trial as to all claims of the complaint so triable.

Plaintiff, By Counsel,

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Dated: June 4, 2024